

[Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A.](#) 2021 Jan 5; 118(1): e2008072118.

PMCID: PMC7817203

Published online 2020 Dec 21. doi: [10.1073/pnas.2008072118](https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.2008072118)

PMID: [33443161](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33443161/)

Medical Sciences

A protease-activated, near-infrared fluorescent probe for early endoscopic detection of premalignant gastrointestinal lesions

Reporter: Bao Fang

Date: 2021-12-31

Introduction



Matthew Bogyo

PROFESSOR OF PATHOLOGY AND OF MICROBIOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY AND, BY COURTESY, OF CHEMICAL AND SYSTEMS BIOLOGY

B.S., Bates College, Chemistry (1993)
Ph.D., MIT, Biochemistry (1997)

- 1) Design and synthesis of novel chemical probes for serine and cysteine hydrolases.
- 2) Understanding the role of hydrolases in bacterial pathogenesis and the human parasites, plasmodium falciparum and toxoplasma gondii.
- 3) Defining the specific functional roles of proteases during the process of tumorigenesis.
- 4) In vivo imaging of protease activity.

Medical Education: Charite-Universitätsmedizin (2006)
Postdoctoral :Stanford Medical School (2015)

- 1)Development of new imaging tools in neoplasia of the GI-tract.
- 2)Guided resection of medulloblastoma using integrated optical tools for multimodality imaging.
- 3)Precision Medicine in Inflammatory Bowel Disease



Stephan Rogalla, M.D. PhD

CLINICAL ASSISTANT PROFESSOR, MEDICINE - GASTROENTEROLOGY & HEPATOLOGY

Practices at Stanford Hospital and Clinics

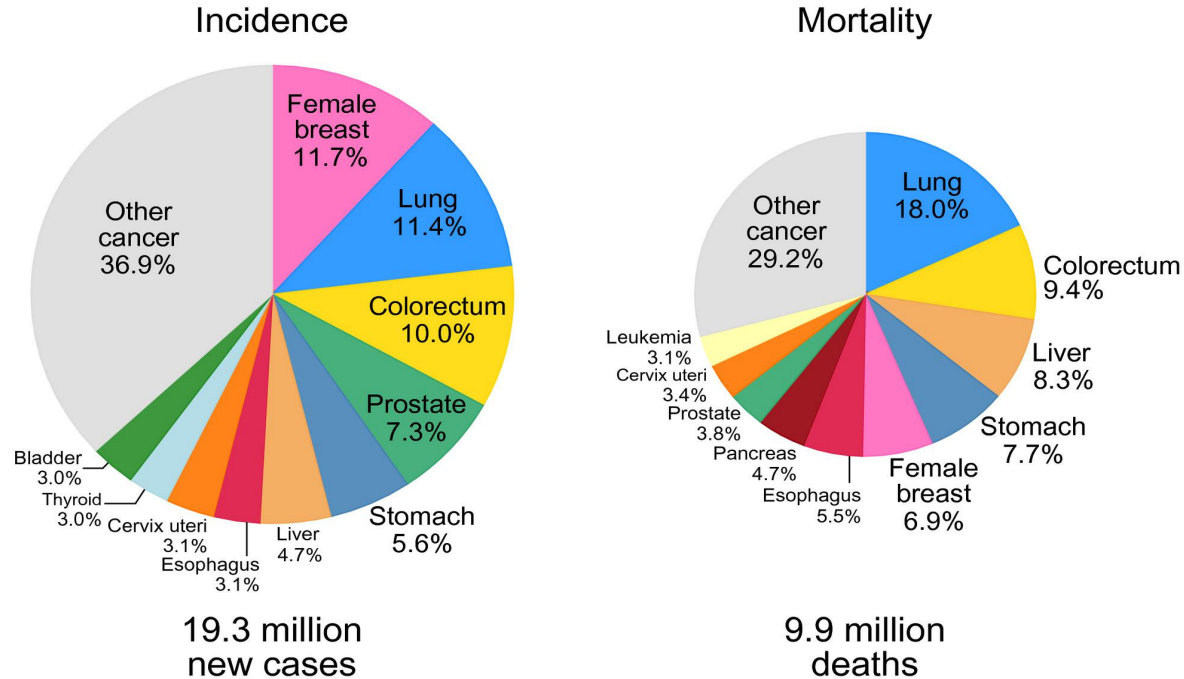
Introduction



Global Cancer Statistics 2020

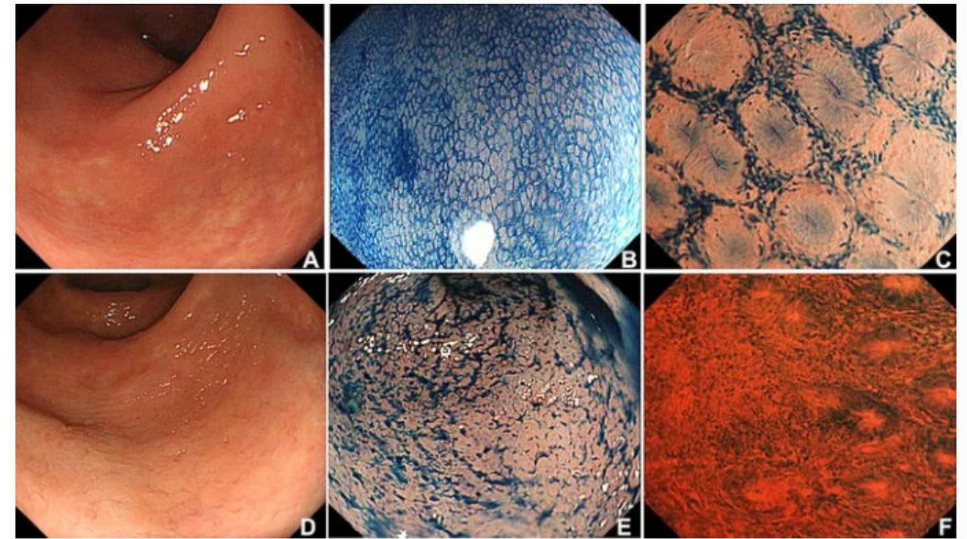
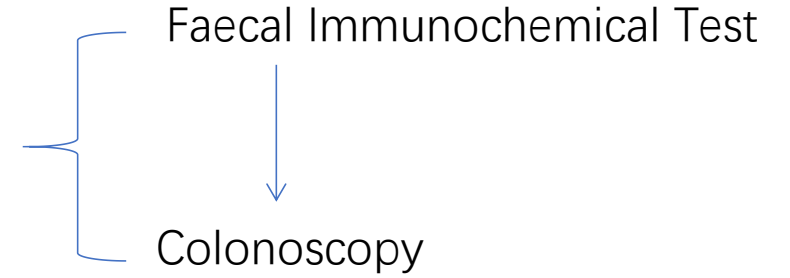
A

Both sexes



CA Cancer J Clin. 2021;71(3):209-249

常用
筛选
方式



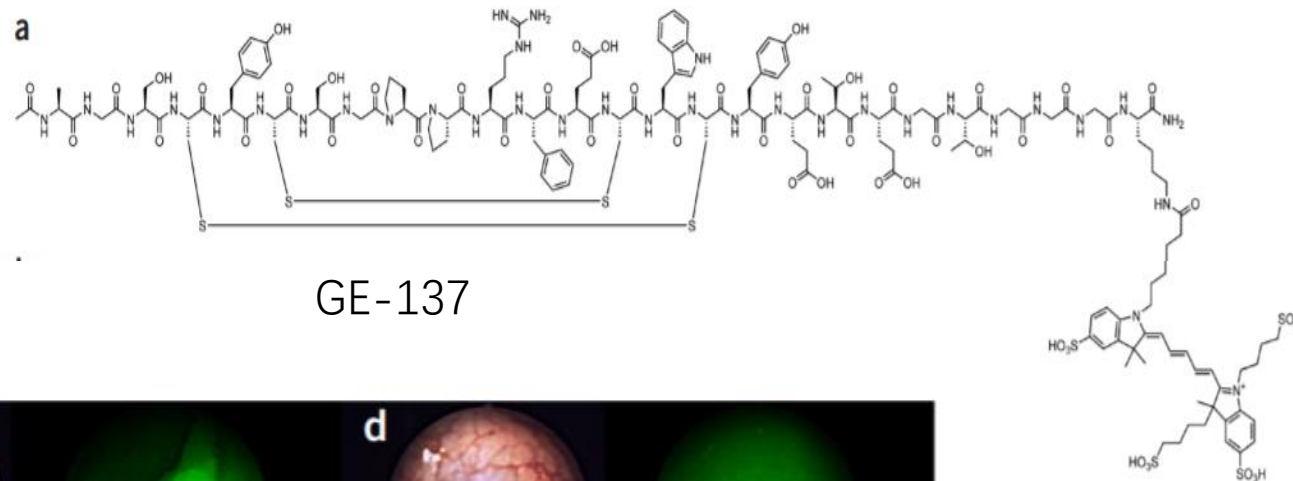
Representative series. Group A: **a** conventional endoscopy, **b** chromoendoscopy, **c** endocytoscopy. Group B: **d** conventional endoscopy, **e** chromoendoscopy, **f** endocytoscopy

J Gastroenterol. 2015;50(11):1087-1093.

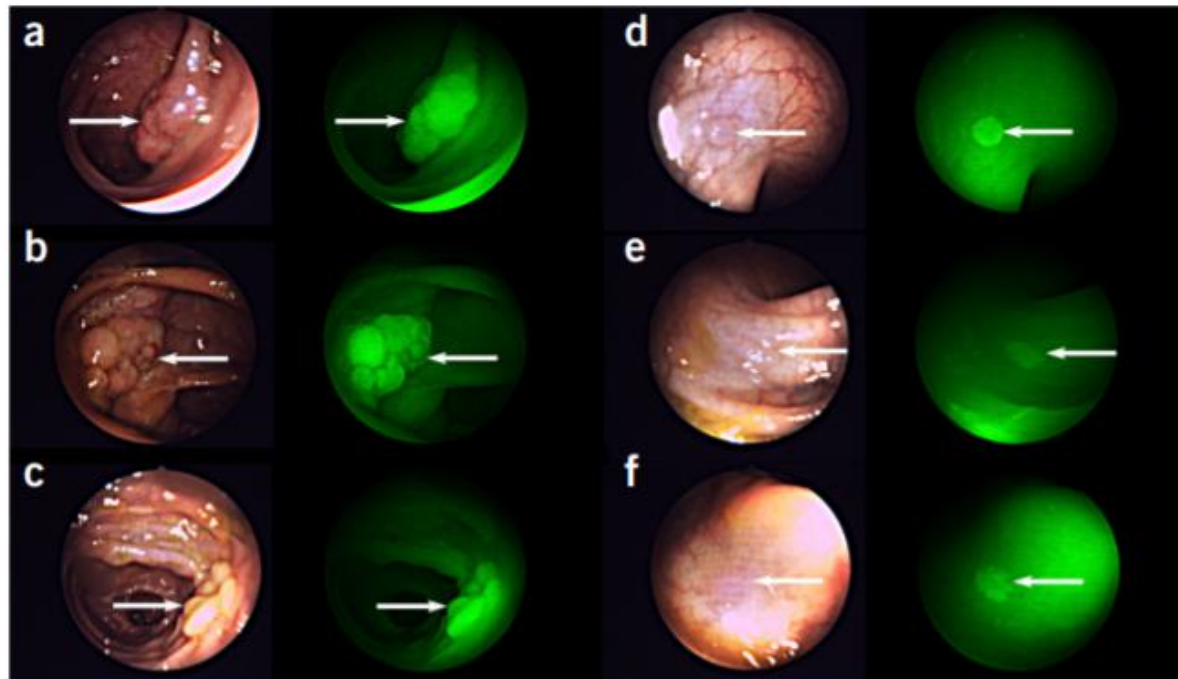
Introduction



GE-137是一种水溶性的26氨基酸环状肽，可用花菁染料进行标记，与细胞膜上的c-Met具有高亲和力



GE-137的安全性、药代动力学已得到验证，但由于正常组织中也有c-Met的表达，导致肿瘤与正常组织背景比(TBR)相对较低。



TBR: 1.51

Introduction

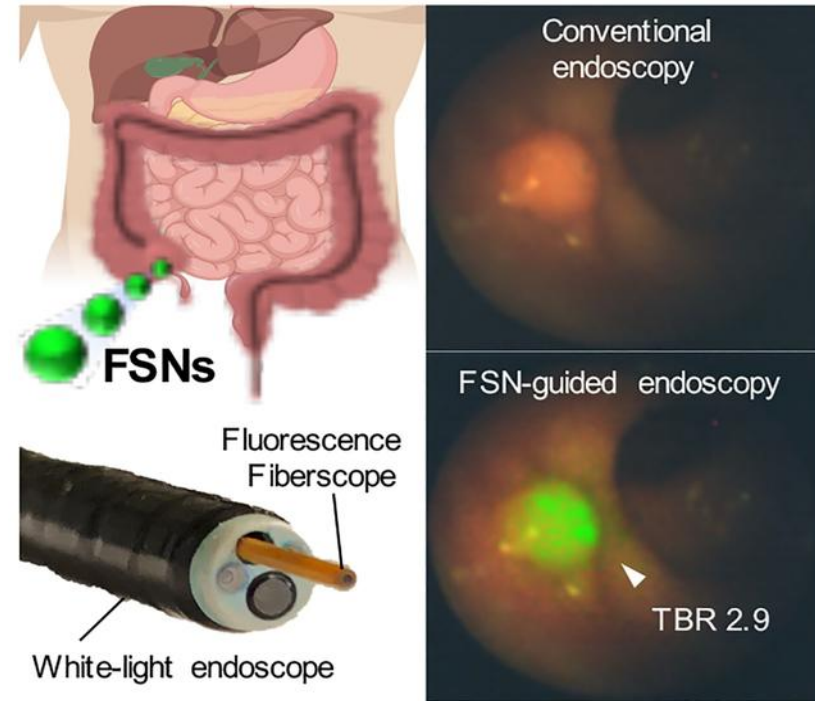
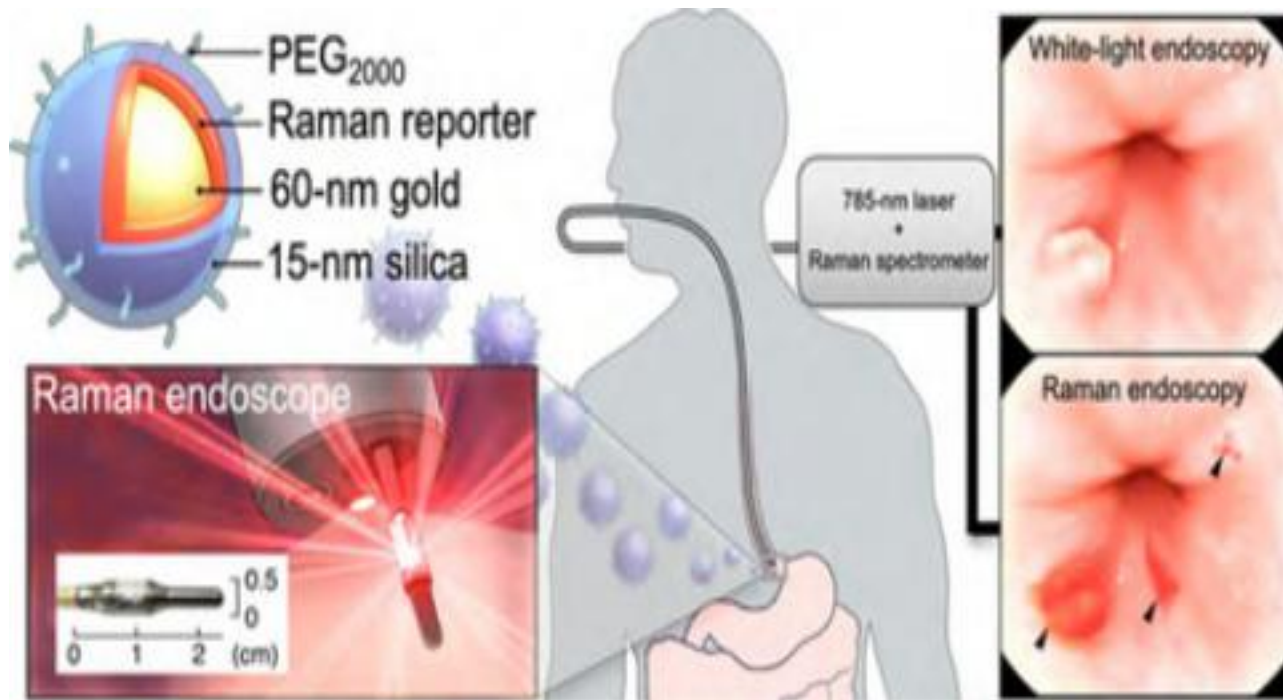
白光内窥镜：5-7mm



基于光学活性、近红外荧光 (NIRF) 纳米颗粒的造影剂能够在静脉给药后通过内窥镜检测癌前病变

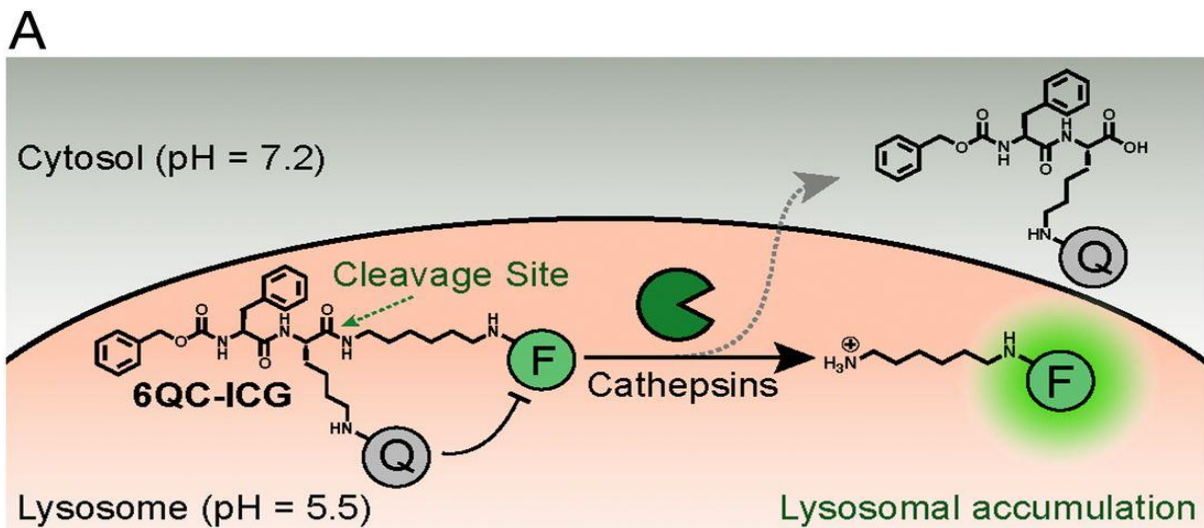
表面增强共振拉曼散射纳米颗粒 (SERRS-NP) (0.5-1.0mm)

近红外荧光二氧化硅纳米粒子 (FSN)(0.5mm)

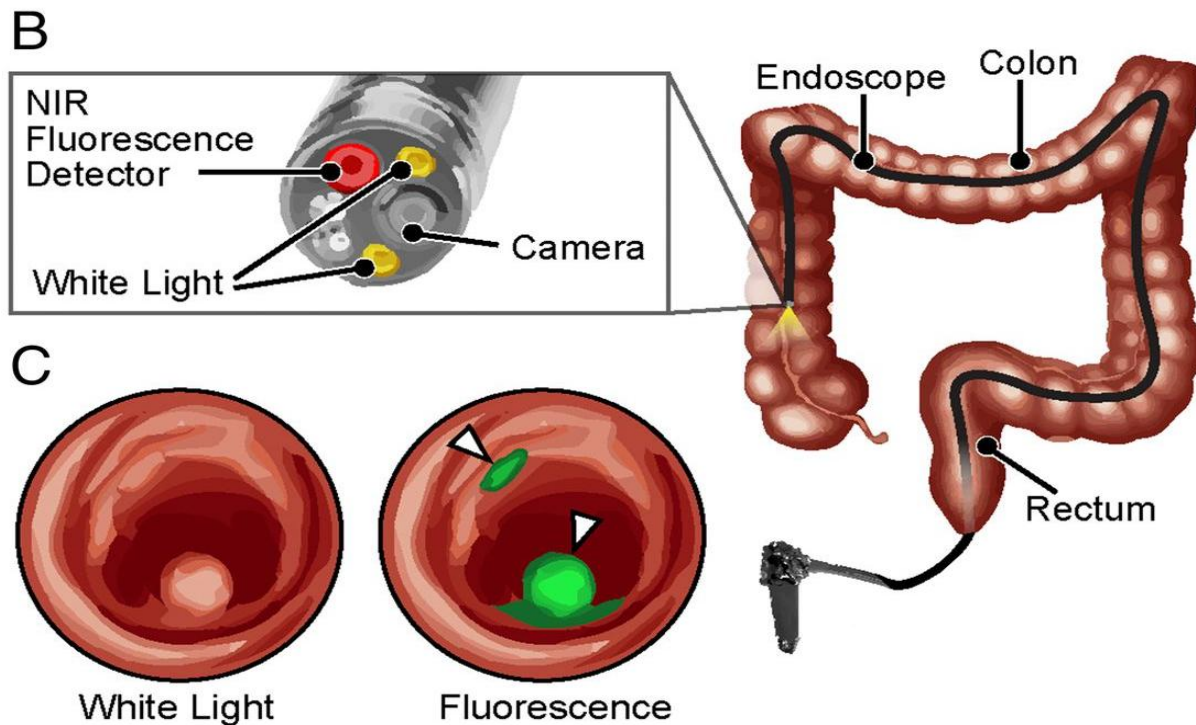


? 纳米颗粒的长期毒性问题

Introduction

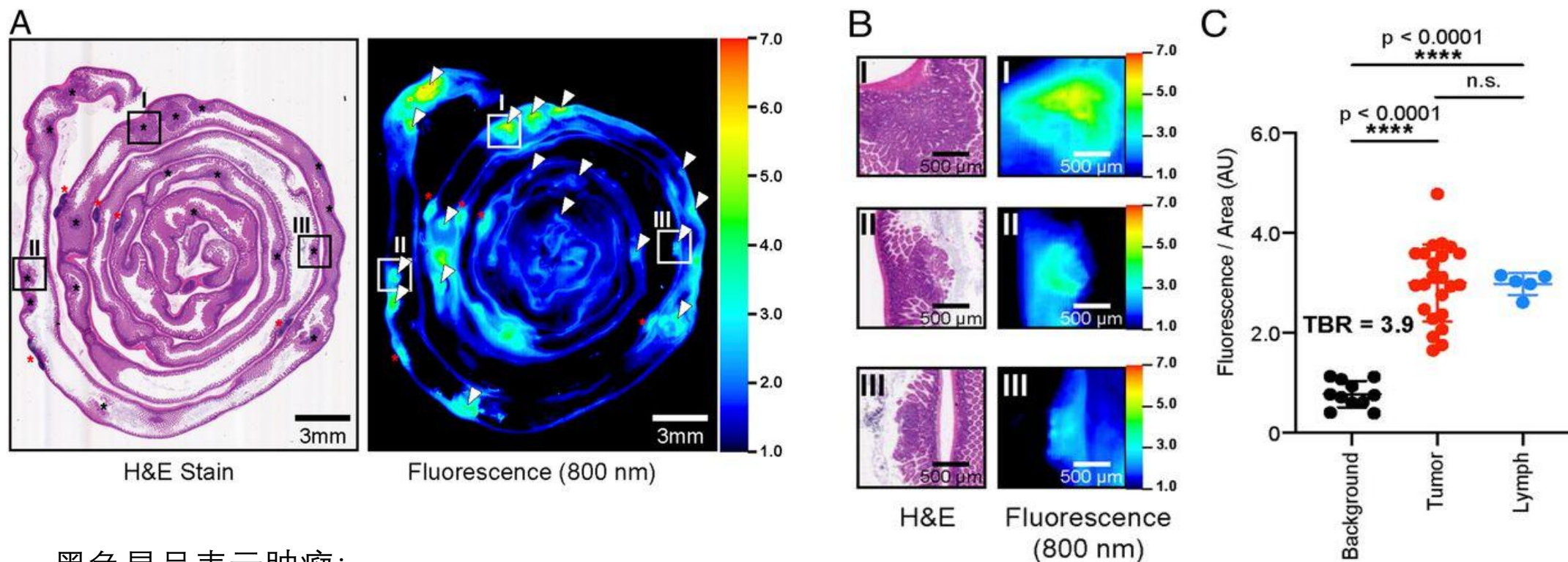


6QC-ICG 由近红外染料 (ICG) 组成, 该染料通过肽底物与光学猝灭剂 (QC-1) 偶联, 该底物可被多个半胱氨酸组织蛋白酶有效切割





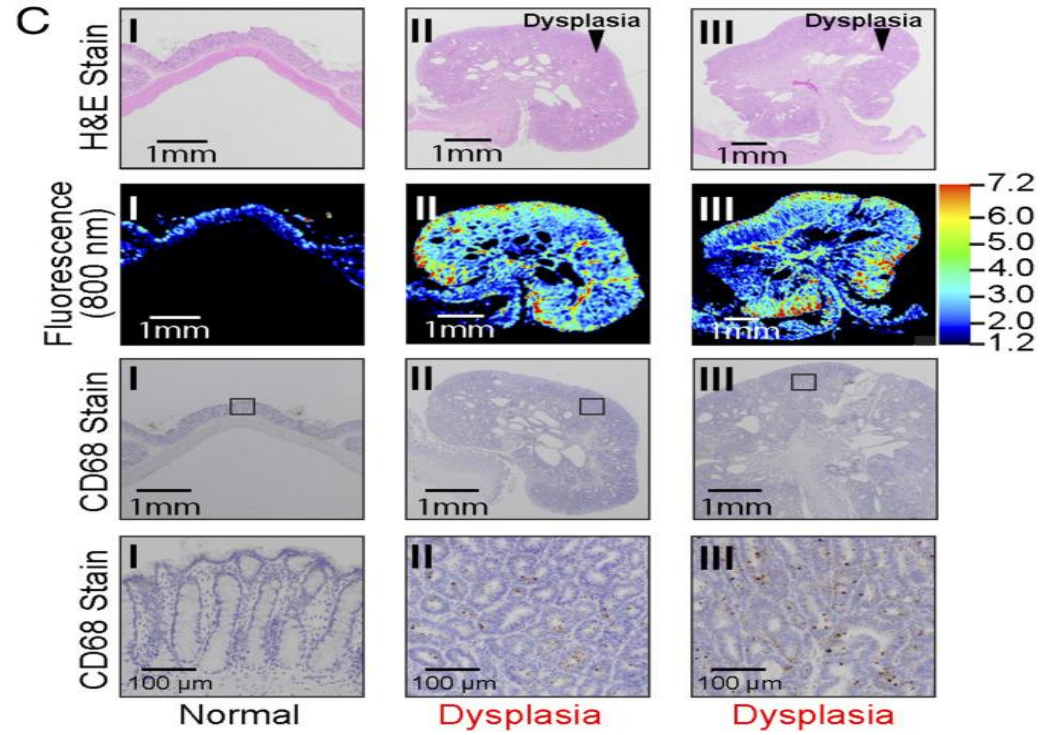
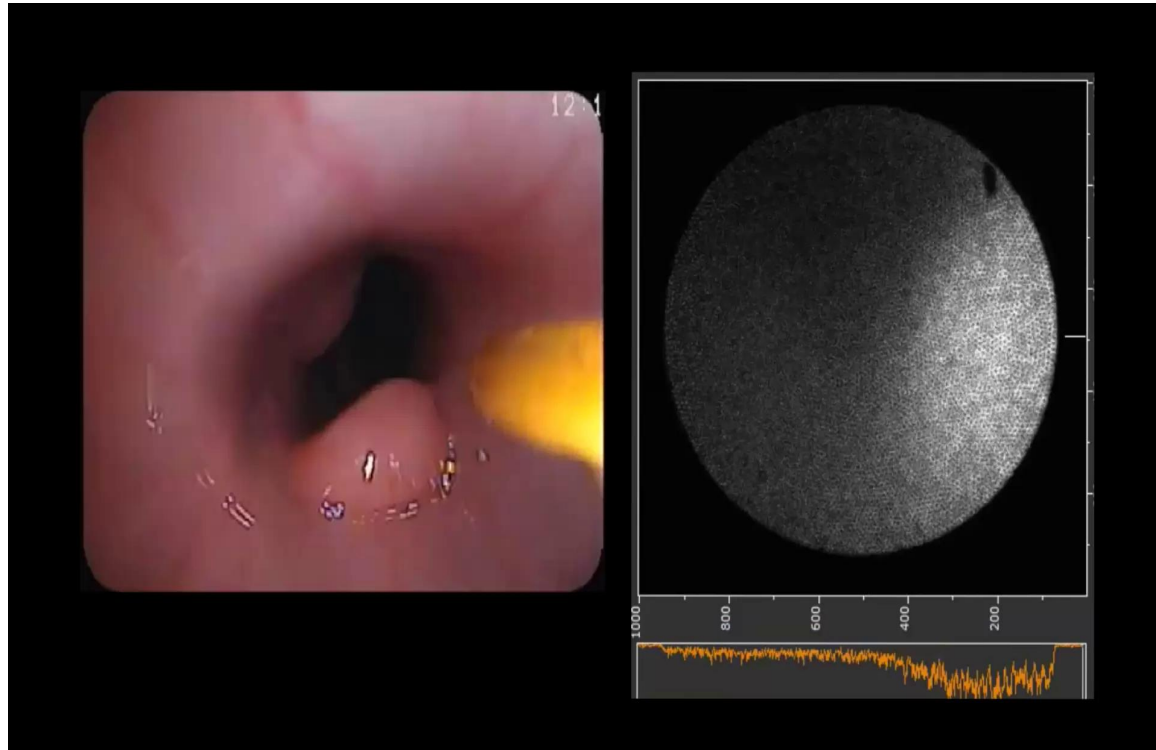
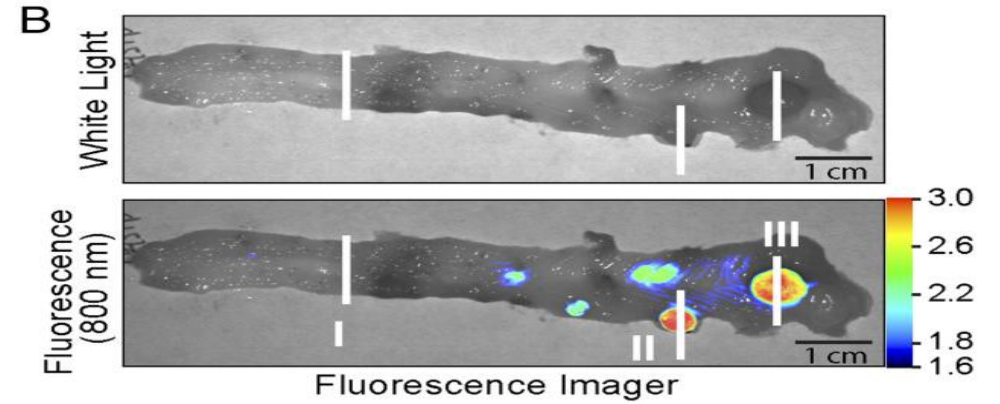
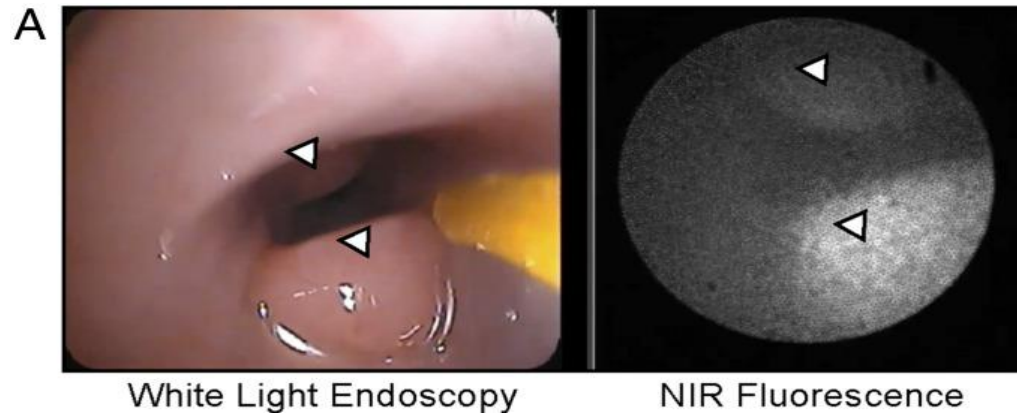
Detection of Intestinal Lesions in $Apc^{min/+}$ Mouse Model of Colorectal Carcinogenesis.



黑色星号表示肿瘤；
红色星号表示淋巴组织。
白色箭头对应于 H&E Stain 中的黑色星号

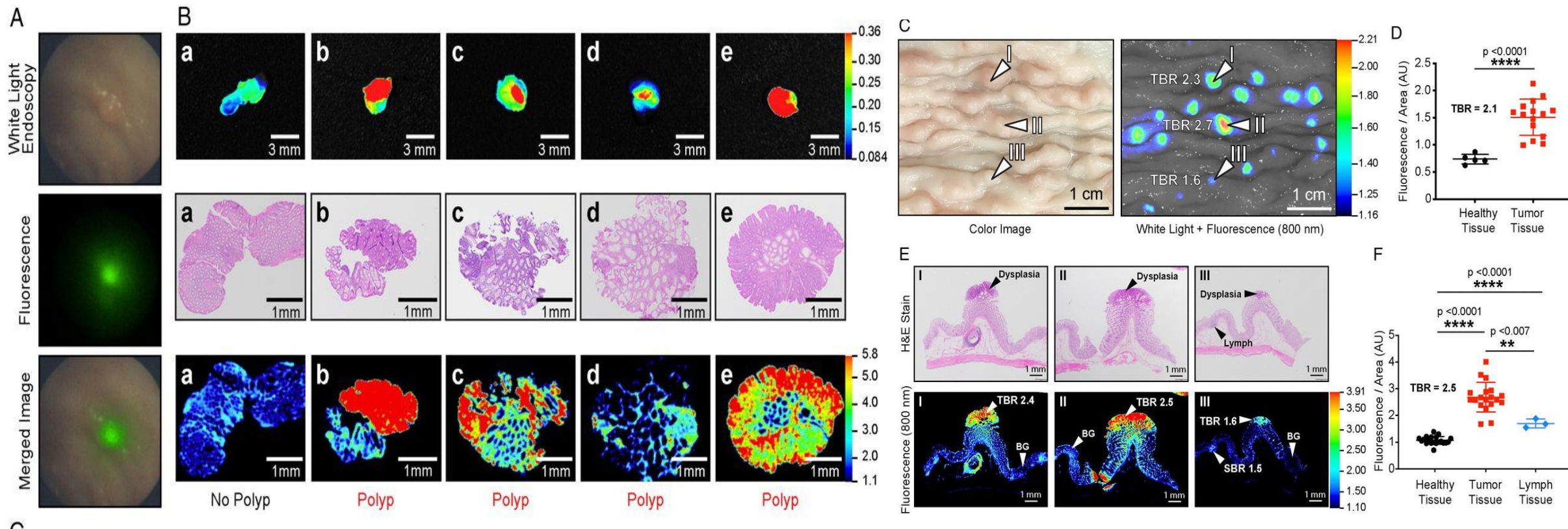


Endoscopic Detection of Colorectal Lesions in $Apc^{Pirc/+}$ Rat Model of Colon Carcinogenesis.





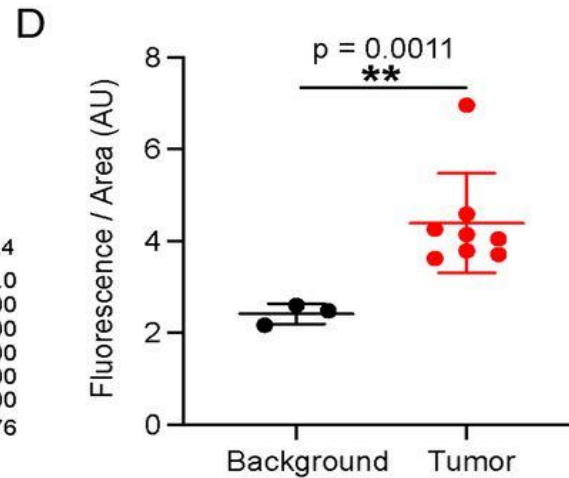
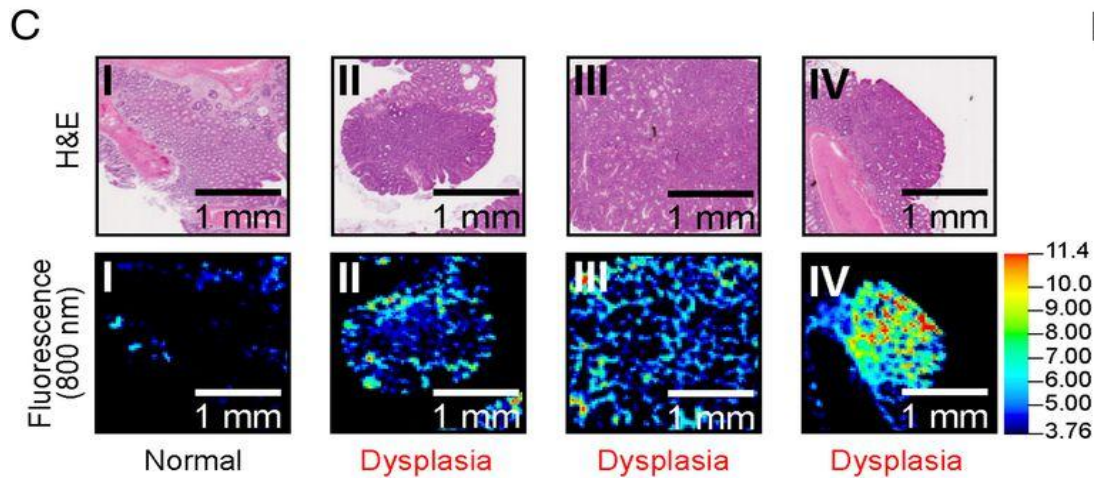
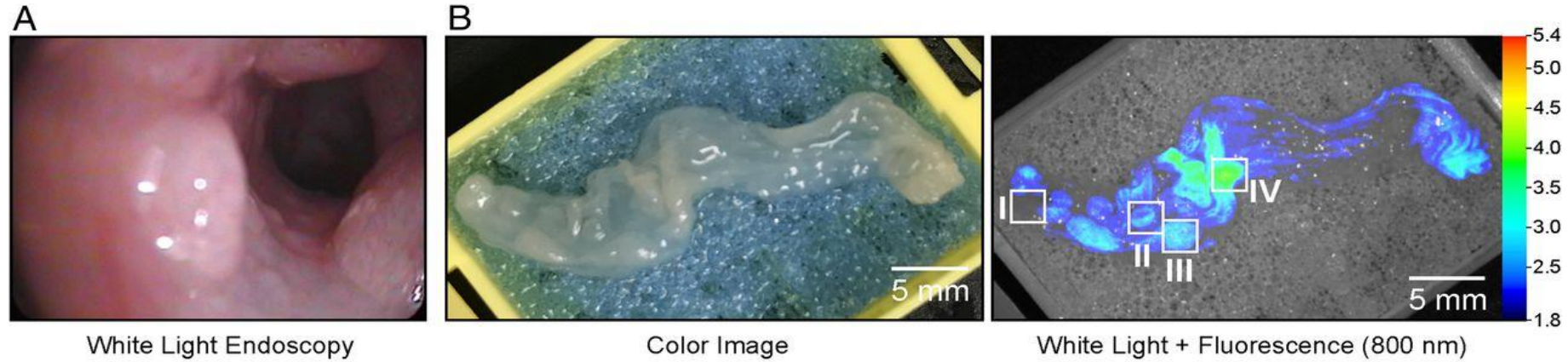
Evaluation of NIRF-Guided Endoscopy in the APC^{1311/+} Porcine Model Using 6QC-ICG.



低荧光信号(TBR < 1.2) 对应于正常组织
高荧光信号 (TBR > 2.1) 对应于发育不良的存在



Evaluating 6QC-ICG in a Combined Model of GPR15 Knockout and Azoxymethane-Dextran Sulfate Sodium Mouse Model of Inflammation-Induced Carcinogenesis.





Movie in pig

